B. Tech. (CSE) – Curriculum

Semester-wise Curriculum (ADMITTED IN 2011, 2012)

**THIRD SEMESTER**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>COURSE TITLE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CS201</td>
<td>Discrete Mathematics</td>
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**TOTAL CREDITS** 22

**FOURTH SEMESTER**

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**TOTAL CREDITS** 22
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**TOTAL CREDITS** 22

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**TOTAL CREDITS** 22
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**TOTAL CREDITS** 25

## EIGHTH SEMESTER

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**TOTAL CREDITS** 18

Total Credits in the B. Tech. Course = 22 + 22 + 22 + 22 + 25 + 18 = 131
Total Minimum Credits required = 176 (131 + 45)
List of Electives for Sixth Semester: (One)

1. CS352  Design and Analysis of Parallel Algorithms
2. CS354  Advanced Microprocessor Systems

List of Electives for Seventh Semester: (Two)

1. CS451  Principles of Cryptography
2. CS453  Network Principles & Protocols
3. CS455  Mobile Computing
4. CS457  Computer Graphics and Image Processing
5. EC453  ARM System Architecture
6. EE453  Fuzzy Systems
7. Any Elective from Other Department

List of Electives for Eighth Semester: (Two)

1. CS452  Real Time Systems
2. CS454  Data Warehousing And Data Mining
3. CS456  Advanced Topics in Algorithms
4. CS458  CAD for VLSI
   (NPTEL URI: http://nptel/web/coursecontents_comp.php?sem=Semester%206)
5. EC464  Display Systems
6. EE456  Artificial Neural Networks
7. Any Elective from Other Department

Reserved List of Electives
(To be exchanged with offered list of electives based on requirements in future)

1. CS355  Fault Tolerant Computing Systems
2. CS357  Networked Multimedia Systems
3. CS359  High Speed Networks
4. CS363  Object Oriented System Design
5. CS358  Distributed Data Base Systems
6. CS360  Software Design & Practices
THIRD SEMESTER
CS201: Discrete Mathematics
Credit: 3

Objectives
To get familiar and understand the fundamental notions in discrete mathematics
To understand and demonstrate the basic concept of an algorithm and its application in combinatorial mathematics
To identify the basic properties of graphs and trees and model simple applications

Unit – I
Set Theory - Set operations, properties - power set - methods of proof - relations, graph and matrix of a relation - partial and total orders, well ordering - equivalence relations, classes and properties - functions, 1-1, onto and bijective

Unit – II
Induction and Combinatorics - Peano's axioms - Mathematical induction (simple and strong) - pigeon-hole principle - principle of inclusion and exclusion

Unit – III
Algebraic Structures - Semi-groups, monoids, groups, subgroups and their properties - cyclic groups - cosets - permutation groups - Lagrange's theorem - Cayley's theorem - normal subgroups - homomorphism of groups - quotient groups - rings and fields

Unit – IV
Recurrence Relations and Generating Functions - Homogeneous and inhomogeneous recurrences- solving recurrences - Repertoire method - Perturbation method - Convolutions - simple manipulations and tricks.

Unit – V
Graph Theory - Representation of a graph - Trees - Cycles - Paths and connectedness - Graph Isomorphism - Operations on graphs - Vertex and edge cuts

Outcomes
Ability to distinguish between the notion of discrete and continuous mathematical structures
Ability to construct and interpret finite state diagrams and DFSA Application of induction and other proof techniques towards problem solving

Text Book

Reference Books
2. R. Balakrishnan and K.Ranganathan, "A Text Book of Graph Theory", Springer
CS203: Principles of Programming Languages
Credit: 3

Objectives
To provide an introduction to formalisms for specifying syntax and semantics of programming languages
To provide an exposure to core concepts and principles in contemporary programming languages
To analyze and optimize the complexity of the programming languages.
To explore the concept of concurrent and parallel programming

Unit – I
Introduction to Language Paradigms - Criteria for good language design - Data types - Abstraction - Imperative languages - Pascal, C - design issues.

Unit – II
Object-Oriented Programming - Data encapsulation - Classes in C++ - Over loading - Derived classes - Information hiding - Inheritance and polymorphism - Generic functions.

Unit – III
Functional Programming - Introduction to LISP - Lists - Storage allocation for lists - Some useful functions - Error handling.

Unit – IV
Logic Programming - Computing with relations - Introduction to Prolog - Data structures in Prolog - Programming techniques - Control in Prolog - Cuts.

Unit – V
Parallel Programming - Synchronizations - Concurrency - Deadlocks - Mutual exclusion - Concurrent programming - Communicating sequential processes: input-output commands.

Outcomes
Ability to program in different language paradigms and evaluate their relative benefits
Knowledge of, and ability to use, language features used in current programming languages
Develop algorithms for problem solving

Text Book

Reference Book
CS205: Numerical Computing
Credit: 3

Objectives
To learn about existence and uniqueness criteria for numerical methods
To solve systems of linear equations by direct methods
To use iterative methods to solve systems of non-linear equations

Unit – I
Non-Linear Systems - Various types of errors - Bisection method - Regula falsi method - Newton-Raphson method - Graffe's method - Bairstow's method - Newton's method for solving f(x,y) = 0 and g(x,y) = 0.

Unit – II
Linear Systems - Gaussian elimination - Iterative methods - Sufficient conditions for convergence - LU decomposition method - Power method to find the dominant Eigen value and Eigen vector.

Unit – III
Interpolation and Curve Fitting - Newton's forward and backward interpolation - Method of least squares to fit equations of the form y = ab^2 and y = ax^2 + bx + c.

Unit – IV
Numerical Differentiation and Integration - Simpson's one-third rule - Simpson's three-eighth rule - Double integration using trapezoidal and Simpson's one-third rule.

Unit – V

Outcomes
• Ability to understand numerical algorithms
• Skill set in implementing algorithms to solve mathematical problems

Text Book

Reference Books
CS207: Data Structures  

**Objectives**

To understand the various techniques of sorting and searching  
To design and implement arrays, stacks, queues, and linked lists  
To understand the complex data structures such as trees and graphs

**Unit – I**

Development of Algorithms - Notations and analysis - Storage structures for arrays - Sparse matrices - Stacks and Queues: Representations and applications.

**Unit – II**

Linked Lists - Linked stacks and queues - Operations on polynomials - Doubly linked lists - Circularly linked lists - Dynamic storage management - Garbage collection and compaction.

**Unit – III**


**Unit – IV**

Graphs - Representation of graphs - BFS, DFS - Topological sort - Shortest path problems. String representation and manipulations - Pattern matching.

**Unit – V**

Sorting Techniques - Selection, Bubble, Insertion, Merge, Heap, Quick, and Radix sort - Address calculation - Linear search - Binary search - Hash table methods.

**Outcomes**

- Ability to write programs to implement stacks, queues, linked lists  
- Application of trees and graphs in real world scenarios  
- Technical knowhow on the implementation of sorting searching algorithms

**Text Books**


**Reference Book**

CS209: Digital Computer Fundamentals

Credit: 3

Objectives

To impart the essential knowledge on the fundamentals and applications of digital circuits and digital computing principles
To provide an overview on the design principles of digital computing systems
To provide technical knowledge about various digital hardware components

Unit – I
Binary codes - Weighted and non-weighted - Binary arithmetic conversion algorithms - Error detecting and error correcting codes - Canonical and standard boolean expressions - Truth tables.

Unit – II

Unit – III

Unit – IV
Sequential logic - Basic latch - Flip-flops (SR, D, JK, T and Master-Slave) - Triggering of flip-flops - Counters - Design procedure - Ripple counters - BCD and Binary - Synchronous counters.

Unit – V
Registers - Shift registers - Registers with parallel load - Memory unit - Examples of RAM, ROM, PROM, EPROM - Reduction of state and flow tables - Race-free state assignment - Hazards.

Outcomes

Gain knowledge on the basic logics and techniques related with digital computers
Expertise to design and implement various complicated digital systems

Text Book

Reference Book
CS211: Computer Organization and Architecture  
Credit: 3

Objectives
To understand how computers are constructed out of a set of functional units and how the functional units operate, interact, and communicate
To understand the factors and trade-offs that affect computer performance
To understand the concrete representation of data at the machine level and how computations are performed at the machine level

Unit – I
Basic structure of computers - Operational concepts - Bus structures - Arithmetic operations - Memory operations - Addressing modes - Basic I/O operations - Performance.

Unit – II
Arithmetic - Addition & subtraction of signed numbers - Multiplication - Integer division - Floating point operations.

Unit – III
Processing unit - Control unit - Pipelining - Multiple bus organization - Hardwired control - Micro programmed control - Hazards - Data path - Embedded systems.

Unit – IV
Memory system - Basic concepts - Semiconductor RAM memory - Cache memory - Performance considerations - Virtual memory - Secondary storage.

Unit – V

Outcomes
Ability to understand the merits and pitfalls in computer performance measurements
Ability to understand memory hierarchy and its impact on computer cost/performance
Technical knowhow of the advantage of instruction level parallelism and pipelining for high performance processor design

Text Book

Reference Book
CS213: Programming Languages Laboratory
Credit: 2

Objectives
To know and understand the principal programming abstractions
To be able to express computational solutions in the main programming idioms
To be able to program in imperative, concurrent, functional and object-oriented programming languages.

Experiments
1. UNIX shell programming
2. Programming tools and windows
3. Network File Systems
4. Network Information Systems
5. Message Passing Interface
6. Functional programming techniques through LISP
7. Object-oriented programming techniques through C++/Java
8. Logic programming through techniques PROLOG

Outcomes
Ability to write program in specific language (C, C++/Java, Scheme, and PROLOG)
Ability to test and debug the programs for critical errors
Ability to analyze and optimize program

CS215: Data Structures Laboratory
Credit: 2

Objectives
To analyze the time and space complexities and efficiency of various algorithms.
To understand the practical application of linear and nonlinear data structures.
To introduce and practice advanced algorithms, programming techniques necessary for developing sophisticated computer application programs.

Experiments
Problems in C/C++/ Java using data structures involving arrays, stacks, queues, strings, linked lists, trees, graphs.
Operations on stacks, queues and linked lists
Conversion of infix expressions to postfix and evaluation of postfix expressions
Implementation of priority queue
Implementation of Binary Tree and Binary Search
Tree Implementation of Sorting Techniques

Outcomes
Ability to apply and implement the learned algorithm for problem solving
Ability to identify the data structure to develop program for real time applications
FOURTH SEMESTER
CS202: Automata and Formal Languages

Objectives

To provide a challenging introduction to some of the central ideas of theoretical computer science
To provide a set of mathematical tools for understanding complex systems such as universes and minds

Unit – I
Finite Automata - Deterministic, non-deterministic and equivalence - Equivalence of regular expressions and FA - Moore and Mealy machines.

Unit – II
Regular Languages - Pumping lemma of regular sets - Myhill Nerode theorem - Minimization of finite automata - Chomsky hierarchy of languages.

Unit – III

Unit – IV
Pushdown Automata - Definitions - Context free languages - Construction of PDA for simple CFLs - Linear bounded automata.

Unit – V
Turing Machines - Universal Turing Machines - Types of Turing Machines - Techniques - Halting problem - Stack automata - Definitions.

Outcomes

Proficiency with mathematical tools and formal method
Technical knowhow on applying the techniques to computing

Text Book


Reference Book

Objectives

To understand the architecture of basic building blocks, logic gates, adders, multipliers, shifters and other digital devices

- To understand the logic of minimization techniques including Karnaugh Maps
- To understand the structure of field programmable logic circuits (FPGAs)
- To analyze design of combinational logic, sequential circuits, PLA, PAL

Unit – I
Introduction to VLSI design - Basic gate design - Digital VLSI design - Design of general boolean circuits using CMOS gates.

Unit – II

Unit – III

Unit – IV

Unit – V
Design of high-speed arithmetic circuits - Parallelism - Pipelined Wallace tree multipliers - Systolic algorithms - Systolic matrix multiplication.

Outcomes

Ability to design basic digital circuits and systems.
Ability to understand and use high-level hardware description languages such as VHDL or Verilog to design combinational or sequential circuits

Text Book

Reference Book
Objectives
To study about the notions, mechanisms, and properties of weakest
preconditions
To learn how to create a strong guarded commands and its related
theorems To learn the basics of propositional logic and its conversions
To analyze the principles and proofs of predicate calculus.

Unit – I
Review of Prepositional Calculus - Validity - Satisfiability related concepts - CNF
and DNF forms - Conversion of arbitrary prepositional formula to CNF or DNF.

Unit – II
Compactness idea - Resolution principle and proof of the theorem - Review of
predicate calculus - Interpretation of formulae in predicate calculus.

Unit – III
Prenex normal form and examples - Application of logic in programming - Proof
rules for structured statements (assignment, while, repeat-until, for statements).

Unit – IV
Pre-conditions / Post-conditions - Weakest precondition - Notion of machine -
Mechanism and Wp as a predicate transformer - Properties of Wp.

Unit – V
Guarded Commands - General form of if command - Wp of if - Related theorem -
General form of do command - Wp of do - Need for strong guards.

Outcomes
Ability to define and convert the prepositional formula.
Knowledge of predicate calculus and its application in programming.
Ability to identify the related theorems and proofs of predicate calculus.

Text Books
S. Alagic, M. A. Arbib, "The Design of Well-Structured and Correct
Programs", SpringerVerlag, 1978

Reference Book
E. W. Djikstra, "A Discipline of Programming", Prentice Hall, Englewood
Cliffs, 1976
CS208: Introduction to Algorithms

Objectives
- To understand the importance of algorithm and its complexity
- To analyze the complexity of an algorithm in terms of time and space complexities
- To design and implement various programming paradigms and its complexity

Unit – I

Unit – II

Unit – III
Dynamic Programming - Multistage graphs - All pair’s shortest paths - Optimal binary search trees - Travelling salesman problem - Fast Fourier transform.

Unit – IV
Randomized Algorithms and Amortized Analysis - Las Vegas and Monte Carlo types - Randomized quick sort and its analysis - Min-Cut algorithm.

Unit – V
NP-Hard and NP-complete problems - Basic concepts - Reducibility - Cook's theorem (without proof) - Turing machines - NP-Hard graph problems.

Outcomes
- Ability to analyze the time and space complexity, given an algorithm
- Apply the techniques of algorithm in solving real world problems
- Systematic development of an algorithm for solving a problem

Text Book

Reference Book:
EC214: Basics of Communication Engineering

Credit: 3

Objectives
To have a detailed study of various analog and digital modulation and demodulation techniques
To have a thorough knowledge of various multiplexing schemes and Data communication protocols
To know about the standards and mechanisms of television systems

Unit – I
Principles of Amplitude Modulation, single and double side band - suppressed carrier system and frequency modulation - varactor diode and reactance modulator - AM detectors - FM discriminators - AM and FM transmitters and receivers.

Unit – II
Sampling theorem - pulse modulation techniques - PAM, PWM and PPM concepts - PCM encoder and decoder - multiplexing - time division multiplexing and frequency division multiplexing.

Unit – III
Data transmission using analog carriers - MODEMS employing FSK, QPSK, QAM and MSK - asynchronous and synchronous transmission - error control techniques - data communication protocols - link oriented protocols - asynchronous protocols.

Unit – IV
Microwave links, Optical communication principles - Satellite communication systems - Pagers - Cellular phones - EPABX.

Unit – V
Requirements and standards - need for scanning - interlaced scanning - VSB modulation - types of camera tubes and picture tubes - B/W and color systems - PAL - CCTV -Cable TV - Microwave relay systems.

Outcomes
Gain a thorough knowledge of communication systems
Able to build a miniature communication system

Text Book
1. Simon Haykin - Communication systems.

Reference Books
1. Kennedy - Electronic Communication systems.
MA204: Introduction to Probability Theory

Credit: 3

Objectives
To introduce the fundamental concepts and theorems of probability theory
To apply elements of stochastic processes for problems in real life
To understand elementary queuing concepts and apply elsewhere in computer science.

Unit – I
Axioms of probability theory - Probability spaces - Joint and conditional probabilities- Bayes’ Theorem- Independent events.

Unit – II
Random Variable and random vectors - Distributions and densities. Independent random variables – Functions of one and two random variables.

Unit – III
Moments and characteristic functions - Inequalities of Chebyshev and Schwartz. Convergence concepts.

Unit – IV

Unit – V
Gaussian processes - Processes with independent increments - Poisson processes - Lowpass and Bandpass noise representations.

Outcomes
- Understand the necessity of randomness concept in practical situation
- Approximate the real problems using stochastic process and deduce results
- Deduce useful results and interpret them based on the analysis of queuing theory

Text Books
Davenport, Probability and Random Processes for Scientist and Engineers, McGraw-Hill
CS214: Digital System Design Laboratory

Credit: 2

Objectives
To develop programs in Hardware Description Language
To design and implement synchronous sequential, asynchronous sequential circuits
To be familiar with basic combinational and sequential components used in the typical data path designs

Experiments
Design of a 32-bit carry look-ahead adder with logarithmic depth using Verilog
Design of a Wallace tree multiplier using Verilog
• Design of a 4-bit DSP processor using Verilog
• Burning the 4-bit DSP processor on a FPGA

Outcomes
Ability to design synchronous sequential circuits using basic flip-flops, counters, PLA, PAL
Familiarize with the necessary software skills to design basic digital systems
Technical expertise in debugging the digital circuits

CS216: Algorithms Laboratory

Credit: 2

Objectives
To learn how to analyze the complexity of algorithms
To compare and evaluate algorithms in terms of time and space complexity
To program brute force, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, greedy, and dynamic techniques

Experiments
• Estimating worst-case/average-case complexity of algorithms via programs
• Determining machine constants
• Programs involving some advanced data structures
• Implementing example problems
• Illustrating the different paradigms of algorithm design
• Solving miscellaneous problems e.g. problems in string manipulation, graph theory, optimization

Outcomes
Ability to solve and analyze general algorithms based on space and time complexity
Ability to implement and empirically compare fundamental algorithms and data structures to real-world problems
Knowledge about different algorithmic paradigms and optimization
FIFTH SEMESTER
CS301: Systems Programming
Credit: 3

Objectives
To introduce the major programming paradigms, data structures and principles involved in systems programming
To acquire comprehensive knowledge about various system components and its functionalities as well as the interactions with hardware resources
To provide basic insight about writing system programs for each system component
To gain knowledge about developing interfaces for various system components and its issues

Unit – I
Fundamentals of language processors - Language specification - Data structure for language processing - Scanning - Parsing.

Unit – II
Assemblers - Elements of assembly language programming - Single pass and two pass assembler - Assembler for IBM PC.

Unit – III
Macro Processors - Macro definition and call - Macro expansion - Conditional and nested macro calls - Design of a macro processor.

Unit – IV
Loaders - Relocation and linking concepts - Relocating programs - Design of a linker - Linking for overlays - A linker for MSDOS.

Unit – V
Linkers - Software tools - Text editor - Debug monitors - Interpreters - Program generators - User interfaces - Recent trends and developments.

Outcomes
Obtain deep knowledge about basic systems programming paradigms
Knowhow on the importance and design principles of various system component

Text Book

Reference Books
CS303: Computer Networks

Credit: 3

Objectives
To provide insight about networks, topologies, and the key concepts
To gain comprehensive knowledge about the layered communication architectures (OSI and TCP/IP) and its functionalities
To understand the principles, key protocols, design issues, and significance of each layers in ISO and TCP/IP
To know the basic concepts of network security and its various security issues related with each layer

Unit – I
Introductory Concepts - Network hardware - Network software - Physical layer - Guided transmission media - Cable television.

Unit – II
Data Link Layer - Design issues - Channel allocation problem - Multiple access protocols - Ethernet - Wireless LAN - 802.11 architecture.

Unit – III
Network Layer - Design issues - Routing algorithms - Congestion control algorithms - Quality of Service - Internetworking.

Unit – IV

Unit – V

Outcomes
Obtain insight about basic network theory and layered communication architectures
Provide solutions to various problems in network theory

Text Books

Reference Book:
CS305: Microprocessor Systems

Credit: 3

Objectives
To acquire knowledge about the hardware architectures and the functional blocks of each microprocessors (8085, 8086, and 8088)
To know the functionality of common peripheral controllers and its interfaces with various peripheral devices
To gain the practical development of applications using microprocessors (8085 and 8086)

Unit – I

Unit – II
Serial I/O - Interrupts - Data transfer techniques - Parallel data transfer using 8155 - DMA transfer using 8257 DMA controller.

Unit – III
Microprocessor System Design - System design using interrupt controller - Floppy Disk Controller - CRT controller.

Unit – IV
Microprocessor Interfacing Techniques - Interfacing memory and I/O devices - Interfacing A/D converters and D/A converters - Recent trends and developments.

Unit – V
8086/8088 - Internal architecture - Instruction set - Segmented memory concepts - Memory interfacing [ROM/DRAM] - Bus concepts.

Outcomes
• Technical knowhow in identifying the basic components of microprocessors
• Ability to build a microprocessor/microcontroller based system for practical applications

Text Book

Reference Book
CS307: Software Engineering

Credit: 3

Objectives

To understand the importance of software engineering lifecycle models in the development of software

- To understand the various design principles in modelling a software
- To develop a software which adheres to the standard benchmarks To
- undergo the technical know in the process of software testing

Unit – I


Unit – II


Unit – III


Unit – IV


Unit – V


Outcomes

- Enhance the Software Project Management skills
- Develop a functioning software which benchmarks to the international standards

Text Book


Reference Books


CS309: Combinatorics and Graph Theory

Credit: 3

Objectives
To obtain basic knowledge about graphs, their properties and applications as models of networks
To formulate problems in terms of graphs, solve problems, and apply algorithms
To be familiar with a wide variety of graph theoretic ideas, notation, algorithms, and useful proof techniques

Unit – I
Permutations and Combinations - Distribution of distinct / non-distinct objects - Generating functions for combinations - Portion of integers - Ferrers graph.

Unit – II
Recurrence Relations - Linear recurrence relations with constant coefficients - Solution by the technique of generating functions - Permutations with restrictions on relative positions.

Unit – III
Basic Definitions - Trees and fundamental circuits - Cut-sets and Cut-vertices - Connectivity and Separability - Network flows - 1 and 2 isomorphism.

Unit – IV
Planar and Dual Graphs - Kuratowski's graphs - Representations of a planar graph - Vector space associated with a graph - Subspaces - Orthogonal vectors and spaces.

Unit – V

Outcomes
- Develop problem solving skills in the field of graph
- Application of pigeonhole principle and rules for counting, permutations, and combinations problems.

Text Books

Reference Book
MA304: Principles of Operational Research
Credit: 3

Objectives
To classify and formulate real-life problem for modelling, solving and applying for decision making.
To study the formulation and various methods of solutions for linear programming, transportation, assignment, CPM and PERT problems
To solve problems using dynamic programming method

Unit - I
Introduction to operational research-Linear programming problems (LPP)-Graphical method-Simplex method-Big M Method-Dual simplex method-Primal Dual problems.

Unit – II
Dual theory and Sensitivity analysis-Transportation and assignment problems-Applications(Emphasis should be more on problems than theory)

Unit – III
CPM and PERT –Network diagram-Events and activities-Project Planning-Reducing critical events and activities-Critical path calculations-example-Sequencing problems.

Unit – IV
Replacement problems-Capital equipment-Discounting costs-Group replacement. Inventory models-various costs- Deterministic inventory models-Economic lot size-Stochastic inventory models-Single period inventory models with shortage cost.

Unit – V
Dynamic programming-Formulation-Invest problem-General allocation problem-Stage coach problem-Production Scheduling.

Outcomes
Analyse problems in engineering, management, or business environment, focusing on important details
Formulate of real problems in terms of input-output-parameters relationships and identify the solution procedure

Text Books
H. A. Taha, operational research-An introduction, Macmillan, 1976
F. S. Hiller and G. J. Liebermann, Introduction to operational research (7th edition)
B. E. Gillet, Introduction to operational research-A computer oriented algorithmic approach, McGraw Hill, 1989
H. M. Wagner, Principles of operational research with applications to managerial decisions, PH, Inc, 1975
CS313: Microprocessor Systems Laboratory

Credit: 2

Objectives

To understand and learn the assembly language programming of various microprocessor architectures
To obtain the practical training of interfacing the peripheral devices with the processor.
To control the components of a microprocessor based system through the use of interrupts.
To have a practical knowledge on assembling PC hardware, installation and troubleshooting the Microprocessor and Microcontrollers.

Experiments

- Solving problems using 8085
- Interfacing various devices with the microprocessor: A/D converter, D/A converter, seven segment display, stepper motor, external keyboard, interrupt controller and 8251 for serial data transfer
- Interfacing using microcontroller trainer kits
- PC hardware assembly
- Installation and trouble shooting

Outcomes

Obtain knowledge to do programs in assembly language programming using the trainer kits
Utilize development kits effectively for the real time applications of various peripheral devices with the processor
Hands on experience in interfacing devices such as A/D converter, D/A converter, seven segment display, stepper motor with the microprocessor
CS315: Systems Programming Laboratory

Objectives
To develop system software for a broad range of engineering and scientific applications.
To provide a deep understanding of the basic issues of interacting programs directly with the operating systems.
To design and implement software tools like text editor, interpreter, program generator, etc.

Experiments
Symbol table (Tree-storage) construction
Implementation of single pass and two-pass assembler, macro pre-processor, module binder (with limited instruction set)
Implementation of software tools like text editor, interpreter, program generator, etc.

Outcomes
Clarity about the concrete view on the theoretical and practical aspects of system programming
Acquire skills with the basic tools used to develop software in C on Unix platform
Technical knowhow of the working principle of single pass and two-pass assembler, etc.
**Objectives**

To understand the threat models and the basic types of authentication mechanisms
To analyze cryptographic techniques, protocols, formats, and standards
To analyze different log files and understand Cyber laws to recover and secure the data

**Unit – I**
Introduction to security and services, vulnerabilities and countermeasures, malicious code, goals of security- prevention, detection, and recovery.

**Unit – II**
Cryptography-Types of encryption, confidentiality using symmetric encryption, PKI, RSA, Key management, Diffie-Hellman, ECC, CA, etc., authentication protocols.

**Unit – III**
Securing the systems-Network security protocols: SSL, IPSEC, Kerberos, X.509 Authentication service, Electronic mail security S/MME, Application security- SSL, PGP, SET.

**Unit – IV**
Network perimeter security-Secured router configuration, firewall, design principles, trusted systems, VPN, IDS, IPS penetration testing, NAT.

**Unit – V**
Computer forensics and Cyber laws- data recovery, security policies and procedures, security lifestyle management, security audit, managed security services

**Outcomes**

- Apply cryptographic algorithms to avoid data accessing by unauthorized users
- Implement security algorithms as per the need of organization
  Technical knowhow to extract required information from a huge log files

**Text Books**

CS304: Operating Systems

Credit: 3

Objectives

To know the basics such as process and CPU scheduling algorithms
To understand the critical regions and dead lock problem
To understand virtual memory concept, thrashing problem and page replacement algorithms
To understand the file tables, access algorithms, and spoofing

Unit – I
Basic OS Concepts - User's view of the OS - Architectural support - Thread and process scheduling - Pre-emptive and non-preemptive - FCFS, SJF, Round Robin, Multilevel Queue.

Unit – II

Unit – III
Memory Management - Segmentation, Paging and Virtual memory - Case study of x86 32-bit memory management unit - FCFS, FRU - Belady's anomaly - Stack-based algorithms - Thrashing - Working set.

Unit – IV
Design of the Unix File System - Buffer caches - File system organization - Inodes - Super blocks - File access algorithms - File tables - Inode tables - Network file systems.

Unit – V
I/O Organization - Block and character device drivers - Unix system file protection mechanism - Access and capability lists - Authentication - Spoofing - Case study of a virus on UNIX.

Outcomes

Implement CPU scheduling algorithms and resolve problems related to critical regions

Implement page replacement algorithms like FCFS, LRU, etc. Technical

knowhow to change UNIX access controls to protect the files

Text Book


Reference Book

CS306: Database Management Systems

Credit: 3

Objectives

To understand the different database models and language queries to access databases
To understand the normalization forms in building an effective database tables To protect the data and the database from unauthorized access and manipulation

Unit – I
Databases - Need - Concepts - Architecture - Data independence - Data modeling: Entity-relationship model - Weak entity sets - Mapping ER model to Relational model.

Unit – II
Concepts - Integrity constraints - Relational algebra - Relational calculus - Tuple relational calculus - Domain relational calculus - Overview of QBE.

Unit – III
SQL Queries - Nested queries - Aggregate operators - Null values - Embedded SQL - Database security - Views - Queries on views.

Unit – IV
Schema Refinement - Functional dependencies - Normalization - Decomposition - Armstrong’s axioms - 3NF, BCNF, 4NF - Multi-valued dependencies.

Unit – V
Object-oriented data model - Object identity and pointers - Object definition and manipulation language - Object-oriented databases - Object relational databases - Recent trends.

Outcomes

Install, configure, and interact with a relational database management system
Master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL
Build a database management system that satisfies relational theory and provides access to users

Text Book

Reference Book
HM302: Corporate Communication

Credit: 3

Objectives
To introduce the students to the corporate world and its culture
To prepare for participation in seminars, group discussions, and interviews
To prepare students to present the ideas effectively
To enable the students write research papers and technical proposals

Outcomes
Gain confidence in dealing with different culture of people from across the globe
Systematically put forward the ideas in an effective manner to the global world
CS308: Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems
Credit: 3

Objectives
To know about basic concepts of NLP and Machine Learning
To obtain a thorough knowledge of various knowledge representation schemes To have an overview of various AI applications
To study about various heuristic and game search algorithms
To know about various Expert System tools and applications

Unit – I

Unit – II
Searching game trees - Minimax procedure - Alpha-beta pruning - Introduction to predicate calculus.

Unit – III
Knowledge Representation - Reasoning - STRIPS - Structured representation of knowledge - Dealing with uncertainty.

Unit – IV
Introduction to Expert Systems - Inference - Forward chaining - Backward chaining - Languages and tools - Explanation facilities - Knowledge acquisition.

Unit – V
Natural Language Processing - Introduction - Understanding - Perception - Machine learning.

Outcomes
Students gain thorough knowledge of AI applications, heuristics, Expert Systems, NLP, and Machine Learning techniques
Acquaintance with programming languages such as LISP and PROLOG.

Text Book

Reference Book
CS314: Operating Systems Laboratory

Objectives
To understand and write program in Unix environment
To design and implement the scheduling algorithms
To design and implement advanced file system operations

Experiments
Designing a command shell in Java
Synchronization of processes
Study of scheduling algorithms
Implementation of a file system
Advanced file system implementation

Outcomes
- Familiarize with the shell commands in Unix environment
- Ability to write system level programs

CS316: Database Laboratory

Objectives
To understand basic concepts and terminology related to DB and storage management
To program simple database applications in Oracle/VB/DB2
To write application software with host language interface

Experiments
Exercises to be based on Sybase / Oracle / Postgres / VB / Power Builder / DB2 / MS-Access.
Applications involving vendor development systems, stores management system, finance management etc.
Creation and querying of database tables
Design of tables by normalization and dependency analysis
Writing application software with host language interface

Outcomes
- Ability to write queries on database tables in Oracle/VB/DB2
- Ability to apply normalization procedures in the database tables
- Design and develop applications using database technology
Objectives
To critically appraise advanced technologies for developing distributed systems
To practically examine the development of Microkernel, Distributed algorithms, Time stamping in distributed systems
To critically investigate the problems and pitfalls of distributed systems
To understand the assumptions and limitations of the underlying distributed systems

Unit – I
Distributed Systems - Goal - Advantages over centralized systems - Organization of multiprocessor systems - Hardware/software concepts - Review of layered protocols.

Unit – II
Client/Server Model - Microkernel - RMI - Distributed algorithms - Time stamping - Circulating tokens - Diffusing computations.

Unit – III
Mutual Exclusion Algorithm - Election algorithm - Detecting loss of tokens and regeneration - Distributed deadlock detection algorithms - Distributed termination algorithms.

Unit – IV
File Replication - Semantics of file sharing - Remote access methods - Fault tolerant issues - Introduction to distributed operating systems.

Unit – V
Introduction to Distributed Operating Systems - Motivations - Management systems - Levels of distribution transparency - Architecture - Introduction to concurrency control.

Outcomes
Ability to analyze, design, build, and deploy distributed computer systems using a variety of current application technologies and architecture
Promote the utilisation of industry standard distributed computing technologies such as J2EE and .NET

Text Books

Reference Book
CS403: Web Technology

Credit: 3

Objectives
To have an overview of Internet Protocols and Client/Server models.
To understand the basics of Web Designing using HTML, DHTML, and CSS. To study about Socket Communication and RMI.
To learn the basics about Client side scripts and Server side scripts

Unit – I
Internet Principles – basic web concepts – Client/ server model – Retrieving data from Internet – Internet Protocols and applications

Unit – II
HTML forms – HTML tags emulation – Links and addressing - HTML and Images

Unit – III

Unit – IV
Scripts - Java Script, VB Script, DHTML, XML, CGI, Servlets.

Unit – V
Server Scripts - Java Sever Pages (JSP), Active Server pages (ASP), Simple applications – On-line databases – Monitoring user events – Plug-ins – Database connectivity.

Outcomes
Students gain a thorough knowledge of Internet principles, Web Designing tools
Able to build real world applications using Socket Communication, Client side, and Server side Scripting languages

Text Books:

Reference Books:
CS405: Principles of Compiler Design  
Credit: 3

Objectives
To understand the various stages involved in the design of a compiler
To have a grasp on the syntactic and semantic structure in the compiler design

Unit – I
Introduction - Structure of a compiler - Different phases of a compiler - Finite automata and lexical analysis.

Unit – II
Syntactic specification - Context-free grammars - Derivation and parse trees - Basic parsing techniques.

Unit – III
LR Parsers - SLR, Canonical LR and LALR - Syntax-directed translation schemes - Various forms of intermediate code.

Unit – IV
Translation of array references: procedure calls, declarations and case statements - Symbol tables - Run-time storage administration - Error detection and recovery.

Unit – V

Outcomes
Technical expertises to design, develop, and implement a compiler for any language.

Text Book

Reference Book
Objectives
To understand the fundamental knowledge in architecture design, pipelined processor design, and their impacts on performance
To understand the fundamental knowledge in memory hierarchy
To assess the communication and the computing possibilities of parallel system architecture

Unit – I
Parallel computer models - Flynn's classification - Parallel and vector computers - System, implicit and explicit parallelism - Multi-vector and SIMD computers - PRAM and VLSI models.

Unit – II
Program and network properties - Data and control dependence - Hardware and software parallelism - Partitioning and scheduling - Interconnection architectures.

Unit – III
Performance laws - Metrics and measures - Amdahl's law for fixed workload - Bounded speed-up model - Scalability analysis and approaches.

Unit – IV
Symbolic Processors - CISC and RISC architectures - Super scalar processors and their features - Memory hierarchy.

Unit – V
Linear Pipeline Processors - Basic considerations - Basics of non-linear pipeline processors - Design of pipelined architecture - Recent trends and developments.

Outcomes
Ability to understand parallelism both in terms of a single processor and multiple processors
Technical understanding of parallel hardware constructs

Text Book

Reference Book
CS413: Compiler Design Laboratory

Objectives
To provide a deep insight into the various programmatic stages in building a compiler

Experiments
Design of lexical analyzers and parsers like recursive-descent parser for a block structured language with typical constructs
Exercises using LEX and YACC
Quadruples/Triples generation using LEX and YACC for a subset of a block structured language, e.g. PASCAL

Outcome
Complete understanding of the working principles of a compiler
Technical expertise to design, develop, and implement a compiler for any language

CS415: Web Technology Laboratory

Objectives
- To develop skills in Web Designing using HTML, DHTML, and CSS.
- To implement application protocols such as HTTP request, FTP, SMTP, POP3 in Java Socket Programming
- To develop programming skills in using client side and server side scripting languages

Experiments
Designing a static web page using HTML.
Designing a dynamic web page using DHTML using different style sheets
Working with AWT and different Layouts in Java
Programs using Java Applets
Programs for creating simple chat application using Datagram sockets and Datagram packets
Java Socket programming to implement HTTP request, FTP, SMTP, POP3
Programs using Java servlets to create three-tier applications

Outcomes
Programming skillset in developing internet applications
Know how on developing sophisticated web sites and web applications
EIGHTH SEMESTER
CS402: Advanced Database Management Systems
Credit: 2

Objectives
To understand the basic concepts and terminology related to DBMS and Relational Database Design
To the design and implement Distributed Databases.
To understand advanced DBMS techniques to construct tables and write effective queries, forms, and reports

Unit – I
Concepts - EER-to-Relational mapping - Integrity constraints in data modeling - Review of normalization theory - Review of file structures and access methods.

Unit – II

Unit – III

Unit – IV
Lock-based protocols - Timestamp-based protocols - Validation-based protocols - Multiversion schemes - Deadlock handling.

Unit – V

Outcomes
Exposure for students to write complex queries including full outer joins, self-join, sub queries, and set theoretic queries.
Knowhow of the file organization, Query Optimization, Transaction management, and database administration techniques

Text Book

Reference Book
**HM402: Industrial Economics**

**Credit:** 3

**Objectives**

To provide the analytical skills required for understanding problems in industrial economics, including applications of game theory
To analyze various aspects of strategic interaction between firms and the determinants of industrial structure
To apply economic models of firm behaviour to analyse questions in business strategy, competition policy, and regulation

**Unit – I**

Industrial Economics - Elasticity of demand and supply - Consumption laws - Types of competitions - Keynesian employment theory - Production, planning and control.

**Unit – II**


**Unit – III**


**Unit – IV**

Marketing Management - Definition of marketing - Market research - Need for marketing - Sales forecasting - Product life cycle - Market segmentation.

**Unit – V**

Personnel Management & Industrial Psychology - Selection and recruitment - Training and development - Job evaluation and merit rating - Worker participation - Quality - Work life.

**Outcomes**

Ability to understand the determinants of the size and structure of firms and the implications of the separation of ownership and control
Ability to recognize and explain the basic determinants of market structure and the key issues in competition policy and regulation

**Text Books**


**Reference Books**

List of Electives

**CS352: Design and Analysis of Parallel Algorithms**

Credit: 3

**Objectives**

To learn about parallel computing models, design and analyze parallel algorithms for PRAM machines and Interconnection networks.

**Unit – I**
Introduction to Parallel Computers - SIMD - EREW, CREW - SM-SIMD algorithms - Shared memory SIMD - Tree and mesh interconnection computers.

**Unit – II**
Sorting - Sorting on a linear array - Sorting on a mesh - Sorting on EREW SIMD computer - MIMD enumeration sort - MIMD quick sort - Sorting on other networks.

**Unit – III**
Matrix operations - Mesh transpose - Shuffle transpose - EREW transpose - Mesh multiplication - Cube multiplication - Matrix by vector multiplication - Tree multiplication.

**Unit – IV**

**Unit – V**
Graph problems - Computing the connectivity matrix - Finding connected components - Traversal - Minimal alpha-beta tree - Storage requirements.

**Outcomes**

To enable the student to design and analyze parallel algorithms

**Text Book**

**Reference Book**
CS354: Advanced Microprocessor Systems
Credit: 3

Objectives
To describe the function of the microprocessor and detail its basic operation
To understand the concepts of advanced architecture in the microprocessors
To describe the function and purpose of each program-visible registers in microprocessor
To describe the memory access in real mode and protected mode

Unit – I
80286 Architecture - Instruction set - Addressing modes - Real mode - Protected mode - 80386 Architecture - Address segmentation - Paging - Segment registers.

Unit – II
Basic 486 Architecture - 486 memory system and memory management - Features of Pentium memory and I/O systems - Pentium memory management - Introduction to Pentium Pro features.

Unit – III
Introduction to PCs - Study of PC system layout - SCSI, CD-ROM & multimedia - Development of PC - PC components - Features and system design - Motherboards - Buses - BIOS.

Unit – IV
IDE Interface - Magnetic storage principles - Hard disk storage - Floppy disk storage - Optical Storage - Physical drive installation and configuration - Video hardware - Audio hardware.

Unit – V
Input devices - Power supply chassis - Building/upgrading systems - PC diagnostics - Testing and maintenance.

Outcomes
Technical understanding of the functionality of 80286 architecture to design advanced microprocessors systems
Ability to design and use new interface techniques principle to access the peripherals.
Familiarize with the internal structure of motherboard and its components Technical knowhow in designing a new chip

Text Book

Reference Book
CS451: Principles of Cryptography

Objectives
To gain knowledge about the mathematics of the cryptographic algorithms.
To get an insight into the working of different existing cryptographic algorithms. To learn how to use cryptographic algorithms in security.

Unit – I
Origins of Cryptography - Issues - Codes and ciphers - Preliminary ideas of factoring and testing - gcd and its complexity.

Unit – II
Symmetric Key Cryptosystems - Block ciphers - Substitution ciphers - DES and Feistel ciphers and the problem of breaking them - The field Z/pZ - Euler's \( \phi \) function.

Unit – III
Stream Ciphers - Linear feedback shift registers and associated results - Geffe generator - Diffie-Hellman key exchange - Bit commitment using symmetric key.

Unit – IV

Unit – V
Factoring and other topics - Pollard \( \rho \)-heuristic - Pollard p-1 algorithm - Quadratic sieve algorithm - Zero-knowledge proof idea - Recent developments.

Outcomes
- Design and implement a new unbreakable cryptosystem
- Blend the existing cryptographic algorithms with the existing communication protocols
  Analyze and application of cryptography for secure eCommerce and other secret transactions

Text Book

Reference Book
CS453: Network Principles and Protocols

Credit: 3

Objectives
Understand the architecture of the Internet protocols as a layered model
To understand the fundamentals of data transmission, encoding and multiplexing
To understand how the various components of wide area networks and local area networks work together

Unit – I

Unit – II

Unit – III

Unit – IV

Unit – V
Application Layer - Telnet - TFTP - FTP - SMTP - Ping - Finger - Bootstrap - Network Time Protocol - SNMP.

Outcomes
Familiarization of the different layers of TCP/IP protocol stack
Understanding of the working principle of different protocols at different layers

Text Book

Reference Book
CS455: Mobile Computing
Credit: 3

Objectives
To understand the fundamentals of Mobile communication systems.
To understand the different multiplexing scheme.
To understand the significance of different layers in mobile system

Unit – I

Unit – II

Unit – III

Unit – IV

Unit – V

Outcomes
Understand the concepts of mobile and wireless communications.
Apply the knowledge gained in exploring, application and protocol development.

Text Book

Reference Book
William Stallings, “Wireless Communication and Networks”.
CS457: Computer Graphics and Image Processing
Credit: 3

Objectives
To understand basic algorithms for computer graphics and image processing.
To understand various filters, Point processing, and Arithmetic operations in image processing.
To understand different applications of graphics and image processing.

Unit – I

Unit – II

Unit – III
Image Formation and types – Image operations – Arithmetic, Geometric and Morphological Operations - Basic geometric transformations - Sampling and Quantization.

Unit – IV

Unit – V

Outcomes
Creation of software tools such as Games, Animation, and Recognition system

Text Books

Reference Books
EC453: ARM System Architecture

Objectives
To understand the importance of ARM architecture in the context of shift in computing device
To gain knowledge of ARM constructs in the field of System Architecture To understand the ARM architecture in detail in comparison with other contemporary architectures

Unit – I
RISC Machine - ARM programmer’s model - Development tools - ARM assembly language programming.

Unit – II
ARM Organization - ARM instruction execution - ARM implementation - ARM Coprocessor interface - ARM instruction set.

Unit – III
Floating Point Architecture – Expressions - Conditional statement loops - Functions and procedures - Use of memory - Run-time environment.

Unit – IV
Thumb Instruction Set - Thumb programmer’s model - Thumb branch instruction - Thumb data processing instructions - Data transfer instructions - Implementation.

Unit – V
Memory Hierarchy - Architectural support for operating systems - Memory size and speed - Cache memory management - Operating systems - ARM processor chips.

Outcomes
Gain technical knowhow in the area of ARM architecture
Develop ARM architecture based projects

Reference Book
**Objectives**
- To understand the importance of fuzziness in real world scenarios
- To expose students to fuzzy methods of analysing problems that involves incomplete or vague criteria
  - To understand the standards and techniques deployed in the development of a fuzzy system

**Unit – I**
Different faces of imprecision – inexactness – Ambiguity – Undecidability - Fuzziness and certainty - Fuzzy sets and crisp sets.

**Unit – II**
Intersection of Fuzzy sets - Union of Fuzzy sets - the complement of Fuzzy sets - Fuzzy reasoning.

**Unit – III**
Linguistic variables - Fuzzy propositions - Fuzzy compositional rules of inference - Methods of decompositions and defuzzification.

**Unit – IV**
Methodology of Fuzzy Design - Direct & Indirect methods with single and multiple experts.

**Unit – V**

**Outcomes**
- Gain technical knowhow in dealing with fuzzy data
- Imply the fuzzy rules and techniques in modelling a better prototype
- Application of fuzzy systems in solving engineering problems

**Reference Books**
CS452: Real Time Systems

Credit: 3

Objectives
To study issues related to the design and analysis of systems with real-time constraints.
To learn the features of Real time OS.
To study the various Uniprocessor and Multiprocessor scheduling mechanisms.
To learn about various real time communication protocols.
To study the difference between traditional and real time databases

Unit – I
Introduction to real-time computing - Structure of a real-time system - Characterization of real-time systems and tasks - Performance measures.

Unit – II
Task Assignment and Scheduling - Uniprocessor scheduling algorithms - Task assignment - Mode changes - Fault tolerant scheduling.

Unit – III
Real-time Communication - Network topologies and architecture issues - Protocols - Contention-based, token-based, polled bus - Fault tolerant routing.

Unit – IV
Real-time Databases - Transaction priorities and aborts - Concurrency control issues - Scheduling algorithms - Two-phase approach to improve predictability.

Unit – V
Programming Languages and Tools - Hierarchical decomposition - Run-time error handling - Overloading - Timing specification - Recent trends and developments.

Outcomes
Knowledge about Schedulability analysis.
Ability to learn Real-time programming environments.
- Knowledge about real time communication and databases.
- Ability to develop real time systems.

Text Book
CS454: Data Warehousing and Data Mining
Credit: 3

Objectives
To understand the principles of Data warehousing and Data Mining.
To be familiar with the Data warehouse architecture and its Implementation.
To know the Architecture of a Data Mining system.
To understand the various Data preprocessing Methods.
To perform classification and prediction of data.

Unit – I
Introduction - Relation To Statistics, Databases- Data Mining Functionalities-Steps In
Data Mining Process-Architecture Of A Typical Data Mining Systems

Unit – II
Data Preprocessing and Association Rules-Data Cleaning, Integration,
Transformation, Reduction, Discretization Concept Hierarchies-Data Generalization
And Summarization

Unit – III
Predictive Modeling - Classification And Prediction-Classification By Decision Tree
Induction-Bayesian Classification-Prediction-Clusters Analysis: Categorization Of
Major Clustering Methods: Partitioning Methods - Hierarchical Methods

Unit – IV
Data Warehousing Components -Multi Dimensional Data Model- Data Warehouse
Architecture-Data Warehouse Implementation-Mapping The Data Warehouse To
Multiprocessor Architecture- OLAP.

Unit – V
Applications of Data Mining-Social Impacts Of Data Mining-Tools-WWW-Mining
Text Database-Mining Spatial Databases.

Outcomes
Technical knowhow of the Data Mining principles and techniques for
real time applications.

Text Books
1. Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber, "Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques",
2. Alex Berson and Stephen J. Smith, “Data Warehousing, Data Mining, &

Reference Books
1. Usama M. Fayyad, Gregory Piatetsky - Shapiro, Padhraic Smyth, and
Ramasamy Uthurusamy, "Advances In Knowledge Discovery And Data
Mining", The M.I.T Press, 1996.
CS456: Advanced Topics in Algorithms

Credit: 3

Objectives
To introduce fundamentals of contemporary topics in algorithms
To provide an exposure to graduate level topics in algorithms

Unit – I
Review of first level portions – different paradigms – different problems from various domains.

Unit – II
Randomized Algorithms – Los vegas and Moute Carlo-Chernoff Bound – Probabilistic Amplification – Typical randomised algorithms e.g. Min cut, Randomised Quick Sort, Randomised Selection, Primdity testing.

Unit – III

Unit – IV
Graph Algorithms – MIS, Coloring problems, vertex cover, introduction to perfect graphs.

Unit – V
Approximation algorithms – Ratio bound vertex cover, Set covering, Travelling Salesman problem, Subset sum.

Outcomes
Ability to pursue an advanced course in algorithms offering in-depth study of one topic
Ability to pursue research in advanced topics in algorithms

Text Books
CS360: Software Design and Practices

Objectives
To explain the role and importance of modelling in software requirements, architecture and design activities

- To demonstrate the practical application of several modelling languages
- To derive complete detailed design from requirements specification
- To design a creative process to manage the complexity of software system

Unit – I
Software Engineering - Paradigms - Planning - Cost estimation - Software project scheduling - Risk analysis and management - Requirements and specifications - Stakeholders needs and analysis.

Unit – II
Structured Design - Design principles - Problem partitioning and hierarchy - Modularity - Top-down and bottom-up strategies - Transformation of a DFD to a structure chart - Coupling and cohesion.

Unit – III
Object-oriented analysis - UML - Use case - Conceptual model - Class analysis patterns - Overview - Diagrams - Aggregation - Collaboration - Sequence - Class - Managing analysis and design.

Unit – IV

Unit – V
Structured systems analysis and structured design - JSP - JSD.

Outcomes
- Ability to translate a specification into a design
- Familiarize with standard UML notations and understand how to model requirements with Use Cases

Text Books

Reference Book
CS458: CAD for NPTEL

Please refer to the link:
http://nptel/web/coursecontents_comp.php?sem=Semester%206

EC464: Display Systems

Credit: 3

Objectives
To gain exposure in the basics of the display systems
To illustrate the current design practices of the display systems

Unit – I
Introduction to displays. Requirements of displays. Display technologies, CRT, Flat panel and advanced display technologies. Technical issues in displays

Unit – II
Head mounted displays. Displays less than and greater than 0.5 m diagonal. Low power and light emitting displays

Unit – III
Operation of TFTs and MIMS - LCDs, Brightness. Types of LCD displays

Unit – IV
Emissive displays, ACTFEL, Plasma display and Field emission displays, operating principle and performance

Unit – V
CRT as the display of the future. Projection systems with light valve and CRT technologies.

Outcomes
Application of the acquired knowledge in practical design of a display system

Text Books
EE456: Artificial Neural Networks

Credit: 3

Objectives
To gain exposure in the field of neural networks and relate the human neural system into the digital world
To provide knowledge of computation and dynamical systems using neural networks

Unit – I
Perceptron Architecture- Single-Neuron Perceptron- Multi-Neuron Perceptron-

Unit – II
Perceptron Learning Rule- Constructing Learning Rules- Training Multiple-Neuron Perceptrons.

Unit – III

Unit – IV
Adaline Network- Madaline Network -Mean Square Error- LMS Algorithm- Back Propagationa Neural networks – Hopfield Networks

Unit – V

Text Books
Hagan Demuth Beale, ‘Neural network design’, PWS publishing company, 1995

Outcomes
Acquire skill set to innovate and build a smart and intelligent engineering application using ANN

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